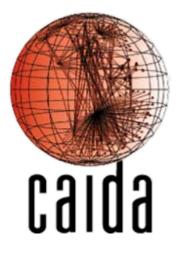
DNS load visualization

Sebastian Castro secastro@caida.org secastro@nic.cl



CAIDA NIC Chile



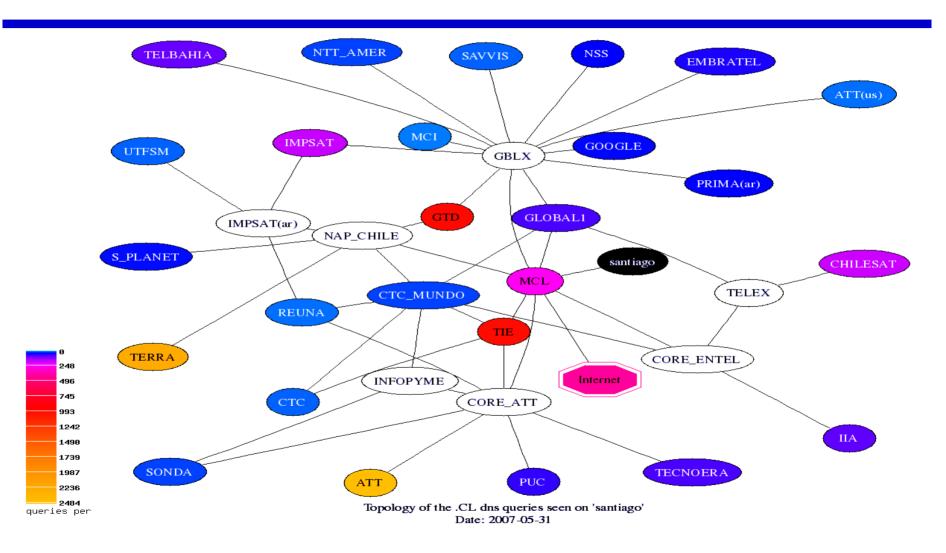
DNS Operations Workshop - July, 2007

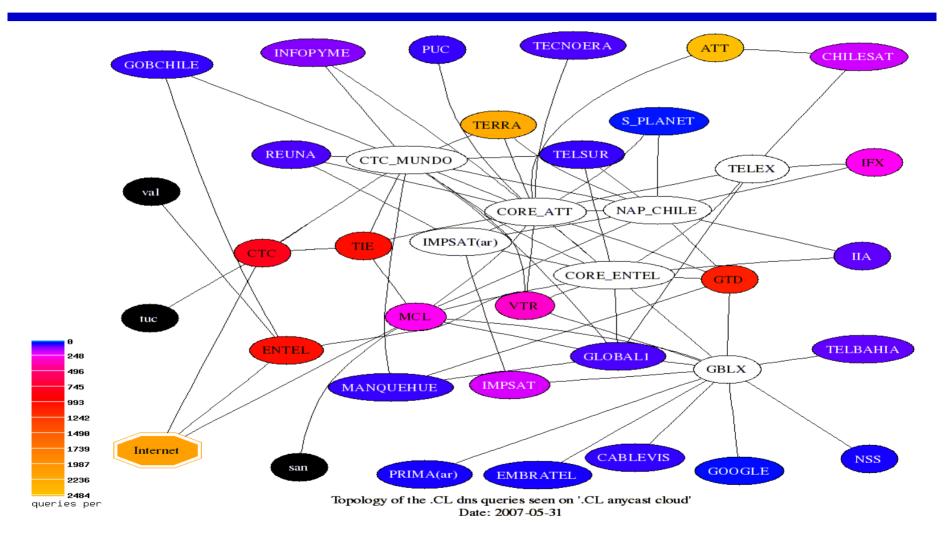
Introduction

- Any DNS operator, specially those running an anycast infrastructure, need to know if the load is well balanced between the nodes and which would be a right place to put a new node.
- The first question could be answered comparing simple query load graphs, but the second requires some work.
- The following visualizations are intended to help to answer that question.
 - Topological map
 - Geographic map
 - Geographic animated map

- Anycast is based on routing protocols (mainly BGP).
- The selection of the placement for a new node should be ruled by the origin of the queries received, either by country or by AS.
- There is no strict correlation between geography and AS topology
 - One AS could span over several countries.

- Methodology
 - Using a 6-hour packet trace from every node in the .CL anycast cloud and the BGP tables available on those nodes, we counted the number of queries from each origin AS.
 - The map shows AS relations, number of queries originated from those AS and their relation with the AS holding the anycast node.
 - In some cases, there are too many origin AS to fit into the plot. In those cases, only the set of AS representing at least 70% of the total query load are plotted.





- Future Work
 - Node rearrangement based on geography
 - The chilean AS in one side, the rest of the world on the other
 - Include the flow of queries (origin AS to specific node)
 - Use the anycast nodes as the center of the graph.
 - Classify each AS using the categories.
 - Provide better metric on the map (RTT)

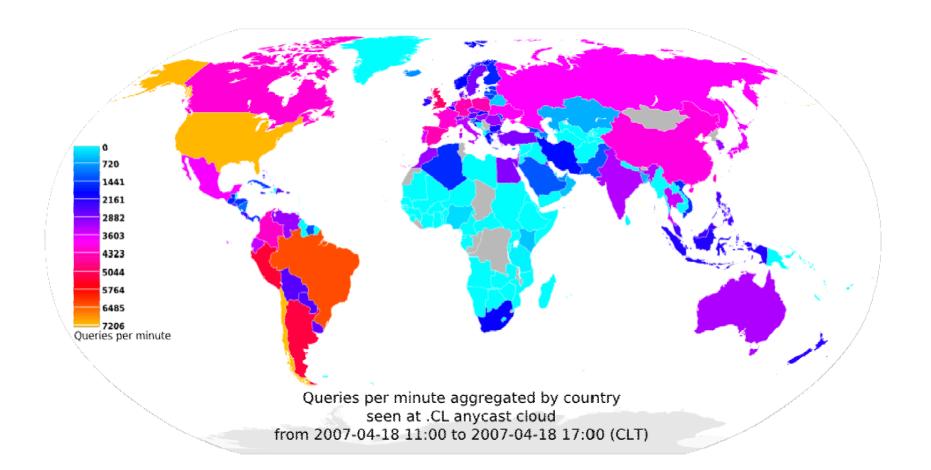


- There are several tools to represent the query load aggregated by "geography"
 - Like "root servers influence map" by Bradley Huffaker from CAIDA
- This visualization provides a different angle.
 - Each country is colored by the number of queries originated from there.
 - It is a vector-based format (not raster). Does not loose resolution when zoomed-in.

Geographic map

- Methodology
 - The same 6-hour packet trace used on "topology map"
 - Aggregate the query count by IP address
 - Map IP to country using NetAcuity
 - Aggregate by country
 - Give it to the code and plot it!
 - Uses linear scale

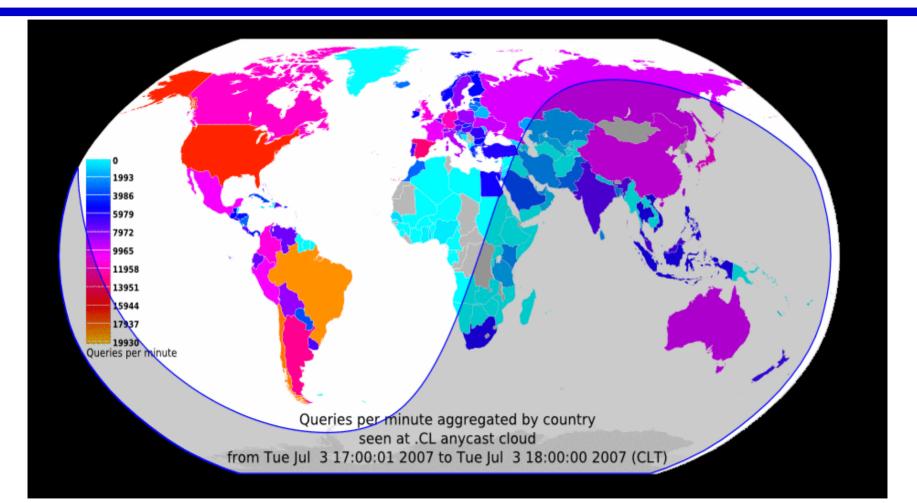
Geographic map



Geographic animated map

- The next step was prepare an animation showing the evolution of the traffic along the day.
 - Idea inspired by cuttlefish tool from CAIDA
- Methodology
 - One hour traces using dnscap (v1.0 RC4)
 - Generate aggregated traffic by source address using CoralReef (CAIDA tool, version 3.7.5)
 - Map address to geography using NetAcuity
 - Aggregate the query load by country
 - Plot the aggregated data using the home-grown tool.
 - One image per trace
 - Convert the image from vector to raster
 - Merge each image into an animation

Geographic animated map



 Snapshot of the animated map Live version at <u>http://www.caida.org/research/dns/cl/animated_maps/</u> 12

Geographic animated map

- Future work
 - Receive comments and suggestion
 - Pack the tool
 - Improve documentation
 - Release it to the public