

DNS Audits

Authoritative Checks

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What is it?

- its the public Internet
 - always on
 - always connected
- complimentary to other host counts
 - ISC/Network Wizards
 - RIPE
- periodic (quarterly/monthly) runs
- map the entire topology

Status

- IN-ADDR only - 1997-1999
- All delegations - 2000-present
- Only collecting data @ present
- working on reduction strategies

Core Engine

- Perl scripts - (what else :)
- built on DOC and prior audit efforts
- average run time 650+ hours
- May not be the best choice these days
- Augmentation
 - Server Fingerprinting
 - DNSSEC/NSEC walkers

Engine Tuning

- parallel execution reduces runtime to ~80 hours
- port to C/assembler (portability?)
- limited by:
 - Query Time
 - Disk I/O
 - Bandwidth

History

- first audit done in 1993 - ONE shot
- asked NW to run the in-addr zone in 1996 - they refused
- testing in 2q1997
- first real run in 3q1997
- hammered by 8.1 acl deployment :)
- naive dependence on “version.bind” string :)
- a diverse group of funding agents :(

Data Considerations

- full zone transfers
 - Looking for NS records
 - too much data to keep, for some agents :(
- toss everything but soa & ns
- check each listed server for version

Next Steps

- Work on improving access to zone data
 - Use FTP for large zones
 - Contracts/NDAs for some zone data
- Educate admins for correct configuration
- What to do about private addresses in the DNS
 - RFC 1918
 - 6to4
 - Link-Local
- Getting more public analysis of this data

Why?

- Better linkage on delegation / announcement
 - In-Addr entries as sanity check on Whois & iRR data
- Provides a feedback loop to registries
- Track software diffusion rates
 - how quickly bad code is excised
 - how quickly new features are useful
- Track genetic diversity
 - Monocultures have interesting failure modes
 - Interoperability is hard to check

The datasets range:

- SOA/NS data only
- Server lists only
- Full zone copies

- Depends on who was funding when...:(

- Some common elements do exist though
 - tree structure
 - delegations in time

new things to do

- correlate delegations w/ announcements
- track use of BIND ACL use
- look for private address space “creep”
- track admin response time to CERT advisories
- anything else come to mind?

Issues

- DNS data is public!
 - Some zone admins think confidentiality is possible
- IPv6 reverse maps are going to be an issue
- The net is no longer “always on, always connected”
 - Split DNS
 - Multiple anchor points

Questions?